Art Unit of Work			
Unit	Year 2 Autur		Common Missonsontions
Final piece:	Prior learning (Retrieval)	Future learning	Common Misconceptions Ensure confident in mono
Abstract mono print considering shape and colour	 Create a repeating pattern in paint using different media Create using different materials Identify primary colours Identify and mix secondary colours Experiment with a variety of objects to create a print. (press, roll, rub, stamp) Consider shape and space when making an artistic choice 	 Understand that the purpose of printmaking is to create multiple images and patterns. Mimic print from the environment (E.G. wallpaper, wrapping paper) Create mono prints by spreading paint Experiment with a variety of objects to create a print. (press, roll, rub, stamp) 	printing process before demonstrating to children Visual success criteria so children can print with minimal adult support High pigment paint needed or printing ink (not too watery)
National Curriculum Subject Content:	 To create a sketch book to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas To become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques To learn about great artist, architects and designers in history 		
	 Know how to create a repeating pattern in print Describe what can be seen and give an opinion about the work of an artist Ask questions about a piece of art 		
Knowledge:			Key Vocabulary
Intended Knowledge Substantive	Lesson 1 - Explore colour mixing LC: I can mixing secondary and tertiary colours using watercolours - Feelings and colour - Colour wheel Lesson 2 - Artist - Mark Rothko LC: I can identify warm and cool colours - exploring primary and secondary colours - identifying warm and cool colours Lesson 3 - Observational drawing - children draw from nature		Drawing Drawing tools, HB pencil, graded pencils, rubbers, crayons, pastels, felt tips, chalk, charcoal, chalk, view finder, focus, scale, large, small, proportion, imagination, memory, observation, still life, natural, manmade, light tone, dark tone, texture, patterns, cross hatched, lines, diagonal, bold, vertical, horizontal, create, shapes, 2D, flat, curved, straight, patterns, simple, spotted, striped, visual, rough, smooth, bumpy, soft, hard, prickly, furry, flat, shiny, hairy, tone, dark, darker, shade, light, lighter, tint, soft, strong, harsh, share, review, reflect, evaluate, large, small, scale, natural, man-made, canvas, view finder, focus Printing Print, image, apply, shape, surface, placement, pattern, repeated pattern, clean image, texture, texture rubbings, transfer, expose, explore, identify, mono-printing, paint, printing-ink, remove, line, shape, motif, printing plate, roll, rub, press, stamp, purpose, multiple images, , spotted, striped, simple, mimic print, environment, wallpaper, wrapping paper, mono prints, spread, paint, experiment, objects for printing, fruit, vegetables, sponge, crumpled paper, share, review, reflect, evaluate
	Disciplinary How art is judged, valued and evaluated	Practical Developing technical proficiency	Theoretical The cultural and contextual content that pupils learn about artists and artwork
Domains of Knowledge:	Disciplinary questions: - How is art made? - What is art? - How is art judged? - What is the purpose of art?	Practical knowledge allows pupils to make choices based on what they know about the limits and possibilities of materials and media.	This enables pupils to make connections between art's past, present and future.

- How does design affect the lives of users?

- How does design affect human environments?

Planning points to consider:

- -What artists have done across cultures and throughout history
- -How commentators and critics judge and evaluate art
- -the stories humans tell through art including their perspectives on social, political and moral issue
- -How print can be used in technology such as in film, sound and photography
- -Different ways of working in print

Wider discussion point to consider: 'all art is equal in value'

Drawing

- -Create a sketch collection to record observations and use them to review and visit ideas, to include ideas using line, tone, texture and shading.
- -Draw accurately from observations, imagination and memory.
- -Draw using lines of different sizes and thicknesses.
- -Colour neatly following the lines.
- -Experiment with grip to assist drawing styles.

Printing Printing

- -Use printmaking as a means of drawing.
- -Create order, symmetry, irregularity
- -Extends repeating patterns overlapping, using two contrasting colours
- -Still prints with a glowing range of objects, including manmade and natural printing tools.
- -Talk simply about own work and that of other artists
- -Identify the different forms printing takes: books, pictures, wallpaper, fabrics

Opportunity for children to make artistic decisions and draw upon personal experiences

Discuss themes and meaning behind artists work and their context

e.g. Anthony Gormley and Liverpool

Assessment Outcomes

• I can create a printed piece of art by pressing, rolling, rubbing and stamping

Significant people/places

Artists to link to colour: Wassily Kandinsky Mark Rothko Helen Frankenthaler

Examples of work



Repeated pattern using potato stamp



Example of a possible final piece: mono printing

Examples of sketchbooks including annotations





	Scu	Work - Year B ulpture 2 Spring	
Unit – Sculpture – nature model	Prior learning (Retrieval)	Future learning	Common Misconceptions
Final Piece: Create a 3D model joining two pieces of clay inspired by a nature.	 Manipulate clay Create texture and pattern using a range of materials Understand the difference between 2D and 3D 	 I can look closely at my picture. I can make the shape of my object out of clay. I can make a solid base for my model. I can add detail to my model. I can tell you what a sculpture is. I can name a natural object. I can join two pieces of clay 	 Model how to record diffe drawings in sketchbook Model how to annotate efficient do not need to writines Use a plinth for the childrentheir model directly onto e.g. coaster size piece of case. Create a teacher example lesson as models can crack not joined correctly
National Curriculum Subject Content:	 To create a sketch book to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas To become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques To learn about great artist, architects and designers in history 		
Artistic Knowledge:	 I can make a 3D object Know how to identify the techniques used Know how to compare the work of different Recognise when art is from different culture Recognise when art is from different histore 		
Knowledge Sequence:			Key Vocabulary
Intended Knowledge Substantive	Lesson 1- Nature Walk LC: I can draw from still life using a range of drawing materials - Children record different size drawings or rubbings on a double page of their sketch book - Fine liners, sketching pencils, graphite pencils, graphite - Children to annotate drawings using a range of vocabulary - Subject: pine cone, twig, feather - Children can also draw from photographs (resource file teachershare) e.g. hedgehog Lesson 2 - Explore Clay LC: I can apply different skills to create texture Success Criteria: - I can look closely at my picture I can tell you what a sculpture is I can name a natural object I Identify the types of texture in the objects/drawings from the nature walk - Children to manipulate clay to create texture - e.g. pinching, rolling, using tools to draw lines and grooves in the clay Lesson 3 - Artist LC: I can identify facts and critic the work of Antony Gormley - Children create a double page in sketch book exploring artists life and work - Children to critique one or two pieces of work through annotation - Discuss cultural and historical significance Lesson 4 - Skill to join to pieces of clay LC: I can join two pieces of clay LC: I can join two pieces of clay - Pinch pot - Coil pot - Joining to pieces of clay by scoring and using 'slip' Lesson 5 - Design a clay 3D sculpture LC: I can design a clay andel - Using the drawings and clay skills children design a final sculpture Children need to understand the importance of a firm base to their model so it is free standing - Children decide what techniques they will use to create texture in their model - Children to decide what two pieces they will join together - e.g. a nose onto the hedgehog - Teacher to model design process with clear success criteria Lesson 6 - Final piece & Evaluation LC: I can apply skills learnt and make artistic choices - Reflect over sculpture process carried out over unit - Children to make one join in their model and a firm base		Drawing: observation, accurately, line, size, the delicate, flowing, continuous, solid, tone, subtle, continuous, solid, tone, subtle, continuous, angle, birds eye view, sutexture, fine, uneven, raised, coarse uneven, rough, fine, effects, investig sketchbook, Sculpture: Explore, malleable, clay, experiment adapting, surface texture, impressing manipulate, model, represent, design pot, research, plan, range of tools, of the composition of the co
	Disciplinary How art is judged, valued and evaluated	Practical Developing technical proficiency	Theoretical The cultural and contextual contextual learn about artists and artists

This enables pupils to make connec - How is art made? - What is art? between art's past, present and fut Practical knowledge allows pupils to - How is art judged? make choices based on what they Opportunity for children to make ar - What is the purpose of art? know about the limits and decisions and draw upon personal e - How does design affect the lives of users? possibilities of materials and media. - How does design affect human environments? Discuss themes and meaning behind **Drawing** work and their context Planning points to consider: -Create a sketch collection to record -What artists have done across cultures and observations and use them to review e.g. Antony Gormley and Liverpool throughout history -How commentators and critics judge and and visit ideas, to include ideas using line, tone, texture and shading. evaluate art -Draw accurately from observations, -the stories humans tell through art including imagination and memory. their perspectives on social, political and moral -Draw using lines of different sizes -How print can be used in technology such as in and thicknesses. **Domains of Knowledge** -Colour neatly following the lines. film, sound and photography -Experiment with grip to assist -Different ways of working in print drawing styles. Wider discussion point to consider: **Sculpture** 'all art is equal in value' -Manipulate clay for a variety of purposes including pinching, simple coils and models. -Build a textured relief. -Understand the safety and basic care of materials and tools. -Experiment with, construct, and join recycled, natural and man-made materials more confidently. I can build a textured relief. I can manipulate clay for a variety of purposes including pinching and coiling **Assessment Outcomes** I can make a join in clay – to be added to O'Track I can make a clay pot I can join two clay finger pots together – remove from O'Track **Antony Gromley** Significant people/places Mark Rothko – colour theory Joining technique – https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oJ5U5jfbNzU Resources **Sketchbook/process examples** Nature rubbings from nature walk Nature walk

Disciplinary questions:

Final piece examples

Art Unit of Work - Year B Year 2 Summer			
Unit –	Prior learning (Retrieval)	Future learning	Common Misconceptions
Final Piece: Textile art inspired by oceans including simple stich.	 Simple paper and/or material weaving using a card loom. Mix colours and paint strips of paper to weave with. Add objects to the weaving – buttons, twigs, dried flowers. Explore colour in weaving. Build on skills of using various materials to make collages – using some smaller items. Use texture to provide information e.g. manmade/natural materials. Sorts according to specific qualities for example warm, cold, soft, shiny Discuss how textiles create things 	 Develop skills of overlapping and overlaying to create effects. Use large eyed needles, different thickness of thread and different sized running stitches to work with. Simple applique work attaching material shapes to fabric with running stitches. Start to explore other simple stitches backstitch, cross stitch. Use various collage materials to make a specific picture. 	 Thread needles prior to lesson Health and safety revisited at the start of the lesson Have examples of different stiches and applique work to show children
National Curriculum Subject Content:	 To create a sketch book to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas To become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques To learn about great artist, architects and designers in history 		
Artistic Knowledge:	 I can use simple joining technique Know how to identify the technic Know how to compare the work Recognise when art is from differ 		
Knowledge Sequence:	Recognise when art is from differ	rent historical periods	Key Vocabulary
Intended Knowledge Substantive	Lesson 1- Drawing LC: I can create drawings from nature using a range of drawing materials - Children record different size drawings on a double page of their sketch book - Fine liners, sketching pencils, graphite pencils, graphite - Children to annotate drawings using a range of vocabulary - Subject: fish, shells seaweed Lesson 2 – Sewing LC: I can use basic sewing techniques to join - Explore joining techniques Lesson 3 – Artist LC: I can identify facts and critic the work of Alice Kettle - Children create a double page in sketch book exploring artists life and work - Children to critique one or two pieces of work through annotation - Discuss cultural and historical significance Lesson 4 – Design LC: I can design a textile piece - Children to create design by being informed from sewing process - Teacher to model design process with clear success criteria Lesson 5 – Make LC: I can make a final piece - Children sew on final piece Lesson 6 – Final piece & Evaluation LC: I can apply skills learnt and make artistic choices - Reflect over printing process carried out over unit - Children to create a final piece using a variety of colour combinations - Opportunity for children to critique peers work - Children evaluate and add additional joins to final piece e.g. weaving ribbon, gluing fabric		Drawing: observation, accurately, line, size, thickness, delicate, flowing, continuous, solid, tone, subtle, contrasting, dramatic, broken, viewpoints, angle, birds eye view, surface texture, fine, uneven, raised, coarse, glossy, uneven, rough, fine, effects, investigate, sketchbook, Textiles: fabric, materials, weaving, weaving loom, thread, string, wool, manipulate, change, effect, twist, knot, plait, cut, fray, texture, colour, needle, eye, join, stich, running stich, binca. Critique/Evaluate: The materials I have used are I have used these materials because I was inspired by The areas I want to develop are I have enjoyed creating this piece because I like how I dislike the
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Domains of Knowledge	Disciplinary questions: - How is art made? - What is art? - How is art judged? - What is the purpose of art?	Practical knowledge allows pupils to make choices based on what they know about the limits and possibilities of materials and media.	This enables pupils to make connections between art's past, present and future.

- How does design affect the lives of users? - How does design affect human environments? Planning points to consider: -What artists have done across cultures and throughout history -How commentators and critics judge and evaluate art -the stories humans tell through art including their perspectives on social, political and moral issue -How print can be used in technology such as in film, sound and photography -Different ways of working in print Wider discussion point to consider: 'artists create images for the purpose of being seen'

Drawing

- -Create a sketch collection to record observations and use them to review and visit ideas, to include ideas using line, tone, texture and shading.
- -Draw accurately from observations, imagination and memory.
- -Draw using lines of different sizes and thicknesses.
- -Colour neatly following the lines.
- -Experiment with grip to assist drawing styles.

<u>Textiles</u>

- -Develop skills of overlapping and overlaying to create effects.
- -Use large eyed needles, different thickness of thread and different sized running stitches to work with simple applique work attaching material shapes to fabric with running stitches.
- -Start to explore other simple stitches backstitch, cross stitch.

aplique and fabric pens

-Use various collage materials to make a specific picture.

Opportunity for children to make artistic decisions and draw upon personal experiences

Discuss themes and meaning behind artists work and their context

e.g. Shelia Hicks known for innovative and experimental weaving techniques

Assessment Outcomes	I can combine materials in different ways		
Significant people/places	Alice Kettle		
Resources	Alice Kettle resources - https://www.accessart.org.uk/talking-point-alice-kettle/		
Sketchbook/process examples	Work by Alice Kettle	Simple joining techniques	Simple drawing for design
Final piece examples			

Layered strips of fabric